

Self-assembly of spherical magnetic colloids

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SIGI

What is a colloid?

"A colloid is a substance microscopically dispersed evenly throughout another substance.[1]" - Wikipedia

"A colloid is a mixture of one substance spread out evenly inside another substance. They can be in two different phases or states of matter." - Wikipedia Simple English



Examples off colloids



- Milk
- Paint,Ink
- Foam
- Pollen
- Hair spray
- Styrofoam



Image: Wikipedia

The colloid particle

- "Big Particle" 1 nm to 1 μ m in diameter
- Easier to see than atoms and molecules
- Brownian motion
- Can be designed
- Lots of different shapes



Self-assembly of colloids





Image: S. Sacanna

Model for Simulations







Image left: S. Sacanna Image right: Per Linse

The use of Monte Carlo

- •Equilibrium properties
- •Trial moves
- Cluster moves



Results



Without an external field



With an external field



Radial distribution function



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Angular distribution function

Without an external field



Angular distribution function

With an external field



Perpendicular field







Top image: S.Sacanna

Experiments vs Simulations



a) Dimer

- b) Trimer
- c) Two dipole particle
- d) Zipper chain formation in an external field
- e) Break up of a trimer in an external perpendicular field



Image experimental part: S.Sacanna

Conclusion

- •Colloid self-assembly is a big and interesting area of research with many potential applications
- •Relatively "simple" models are able to describe the systems studied
- •By using computer simulations we are able to understand the experiments better



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